



Starting radar for Drone Tracking and Recognition

UDRC THEMED MEETING ON MULTIPLE OBJECT
TRACKING AND DECENTRALISED PROCESSING
FRIDAY 14TH JANUARY 2022



Contents

- **Introduction, Background and Challenges**
- **How drone recognition can improve drone tracking**
- **How effective drone tracking can improve drone recognition**
- **Features of Simultaneous Tracking and Recognition (STaR) of drones**
- **Proposed framework for STaR of drones algorithm**
- **Multistatic (polygraphic) radar implications**
- **Concluding remarks**

Introduction: Background

Aveillant's Gamekeeper radar is the leading radar for long range drone detection, tracking and recognition.

- Deployed at several airports worldwide

Benefits from use of Holographic sensing

- Sometime called Staring or Ubiquitous

Advantages for tracking & recognition of drones

- 3D – discrimination of air & ground targets
- Fine Doppler resolution - Low MDV & Micro-Doppler discrimination
- Captures fleeting features, observes feature behaviour
- High track rates

However, like traditional radars, predominantly use standard sequential approaches to detection, tracking and recognition/identification (DTI).



Non-Cooperative UAS Challenges

Small

- 30cm+ diameter
- Radar Cross Section $\sim 0.01\text{m}^2+$

Slow

- Hovering – 30m/s+

Low

- Ground - ???m
- Above and around ground "clutter"

Agile

- Pop-up targets, VTOL
- High acceleration
- Signatures can be fleeting

Non-cooperative

- Remote controlled with datalink?
- Pre-programmed, GPS controlled



Non-Cooperative UAS Challenges

Small

- 30cm+ diameter
- Radar Cross Section $\sim 0.01\text{m}^2+$

Slow

- Hovering – 30m/s+

Low

- Ground - ???m
- Above and around ground “clutter”

Agile

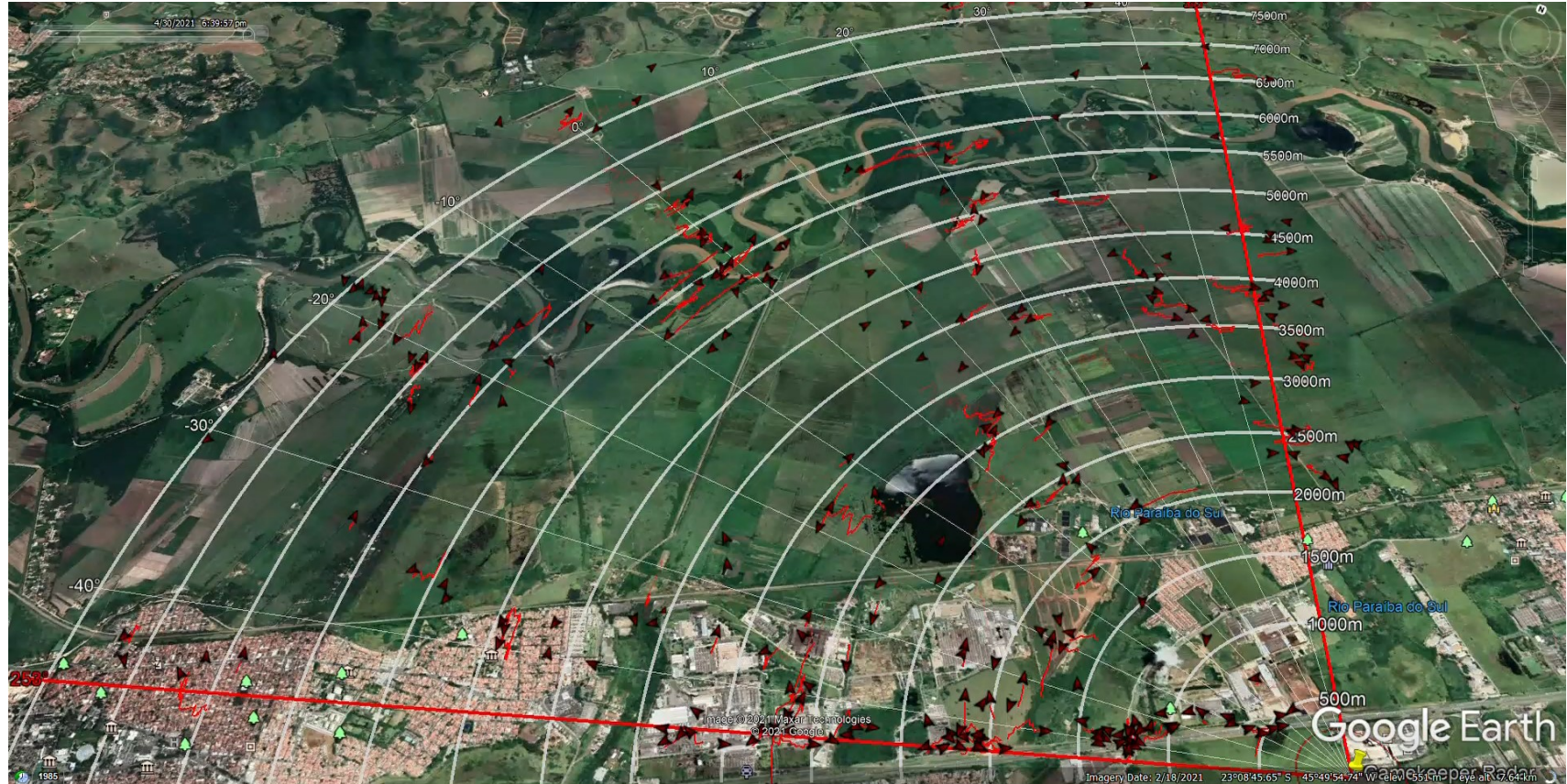
- Pop-up targets, VTOL
- High acceleration

Non-cooperative

- Remote controlled with datalink?
- Pre-programmed, GPS controlled



Challenges: Example



This document may not be reproduced, modified, adapted, published, translated, in any way, in whole or in part or disclosed to a third party without the prior written consent of Aveillant Ltd. © Aveillant 2021. All rights reserved.

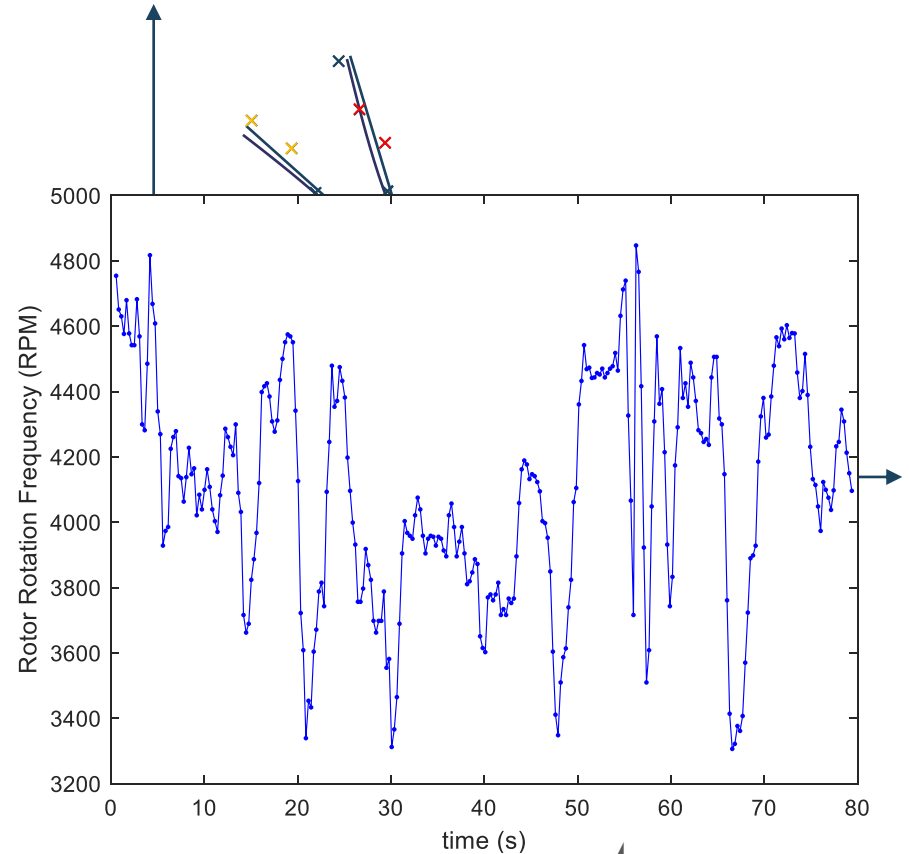
How drone recognition can improve drone tracking

Improved association

- Consider many targets in close proximity with similar trajectories
- Multiple Hypothesis trackers - assists effective decisions in tree/sets pruning
- Extended to track repair, increases track continuity

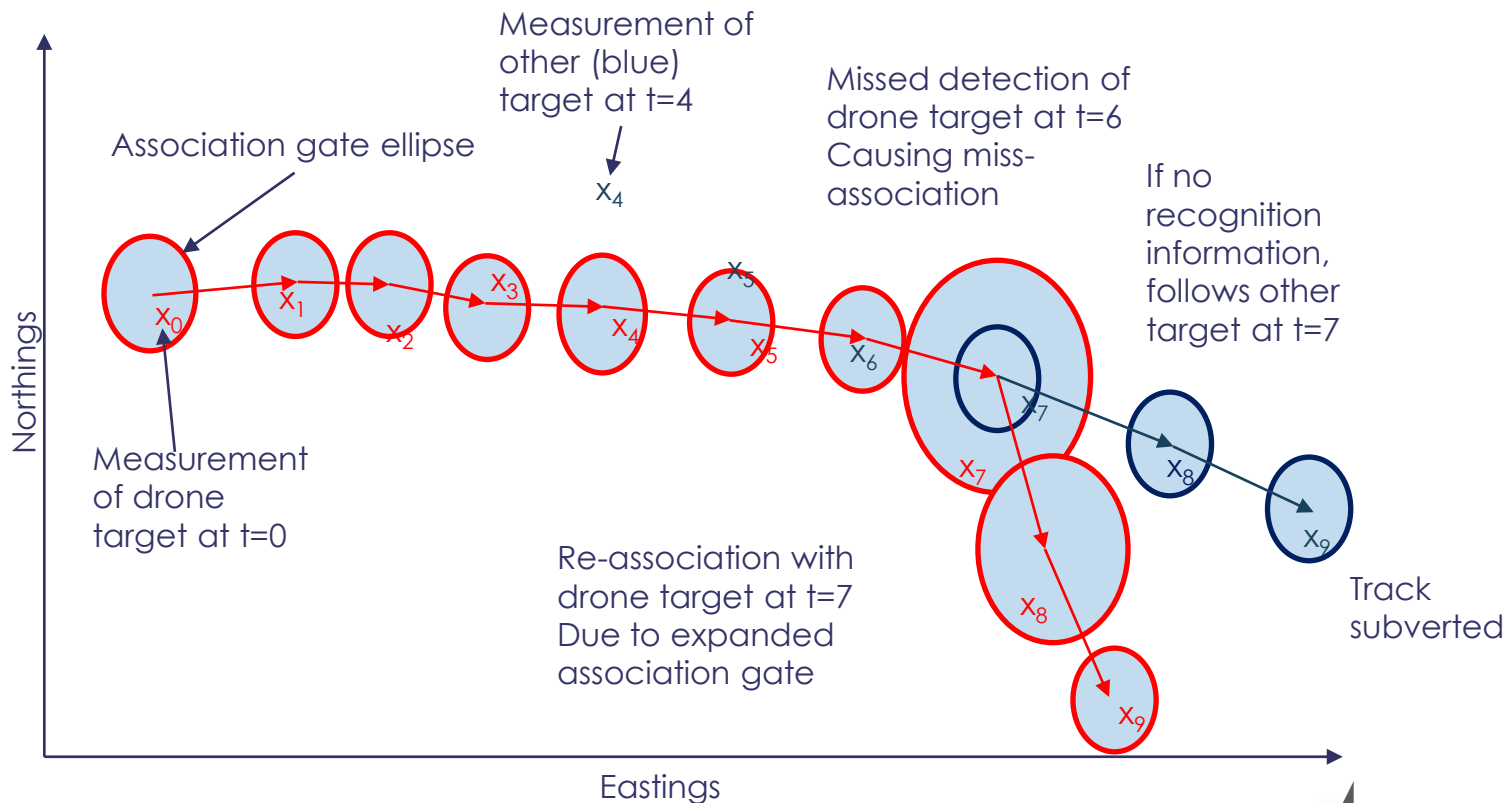
Tracking of recognisable features

- Staring radar advantage



How drone recognition can improve drone tracking

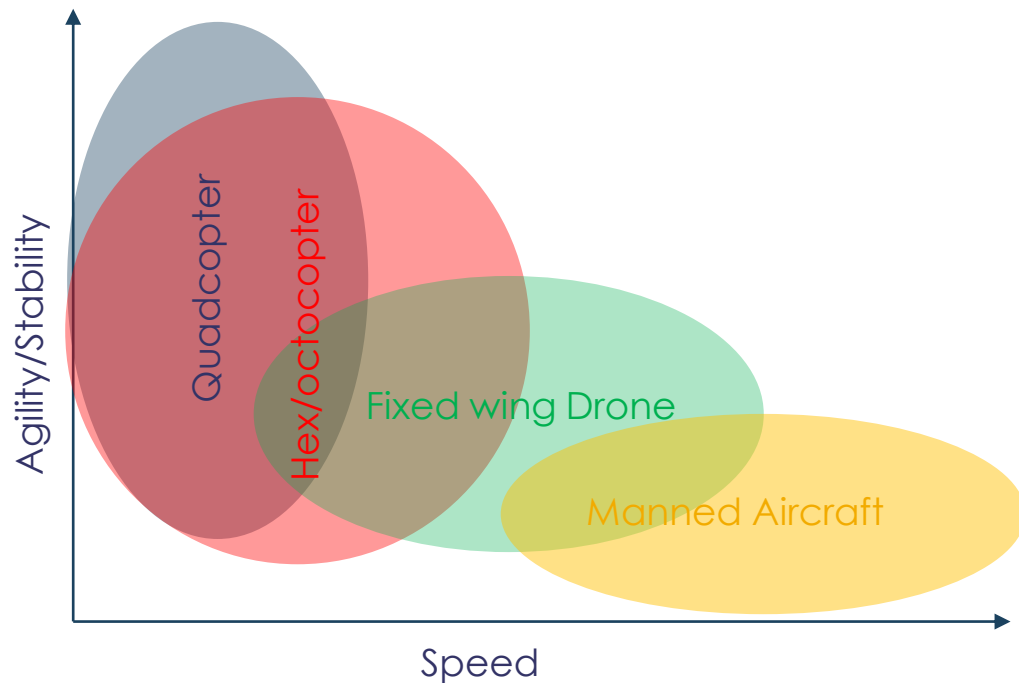
Reducing risk of track subversion



How drone recognition can improve drone tracking

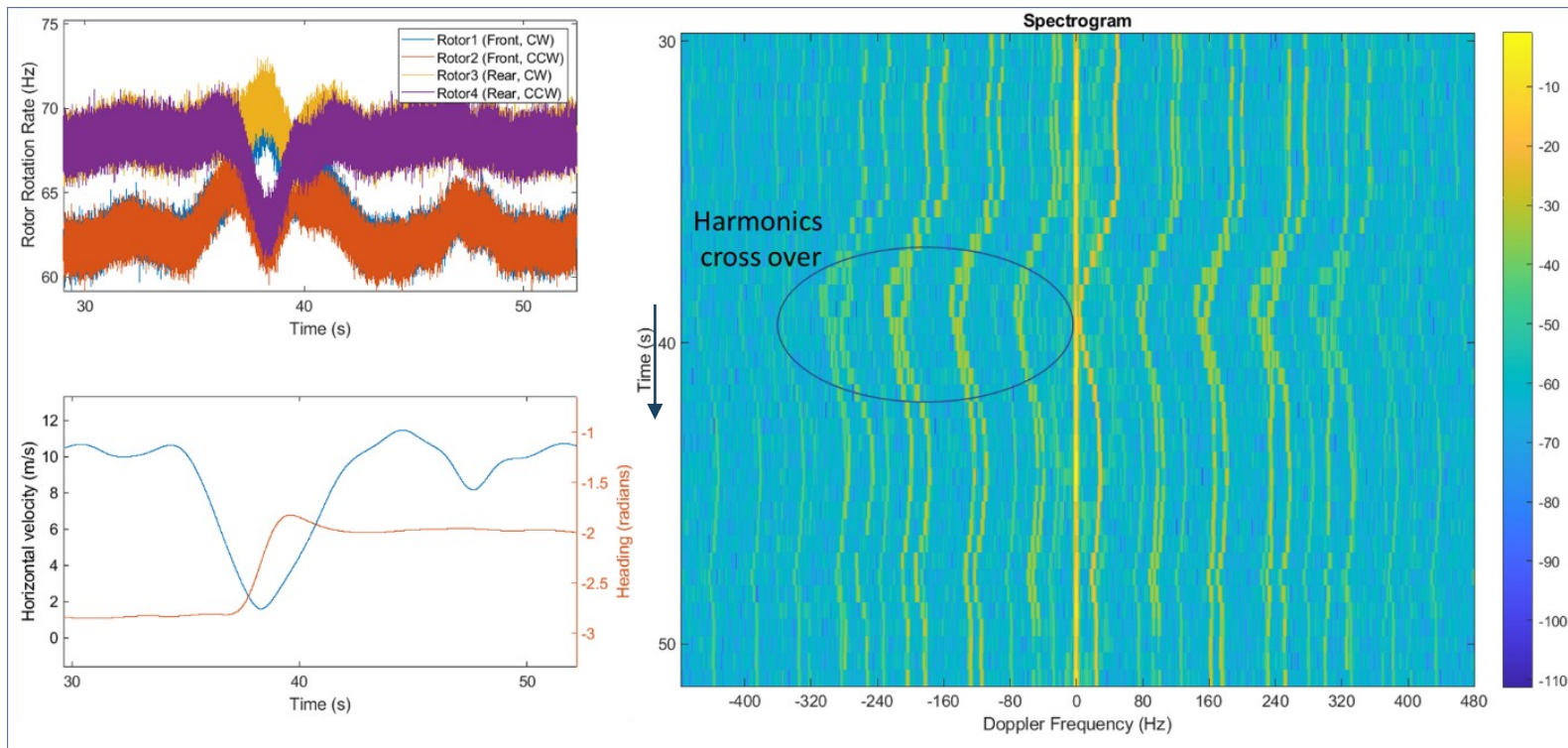
Tracker parametrisation

- Motion model choice
- Tailoring Innovation



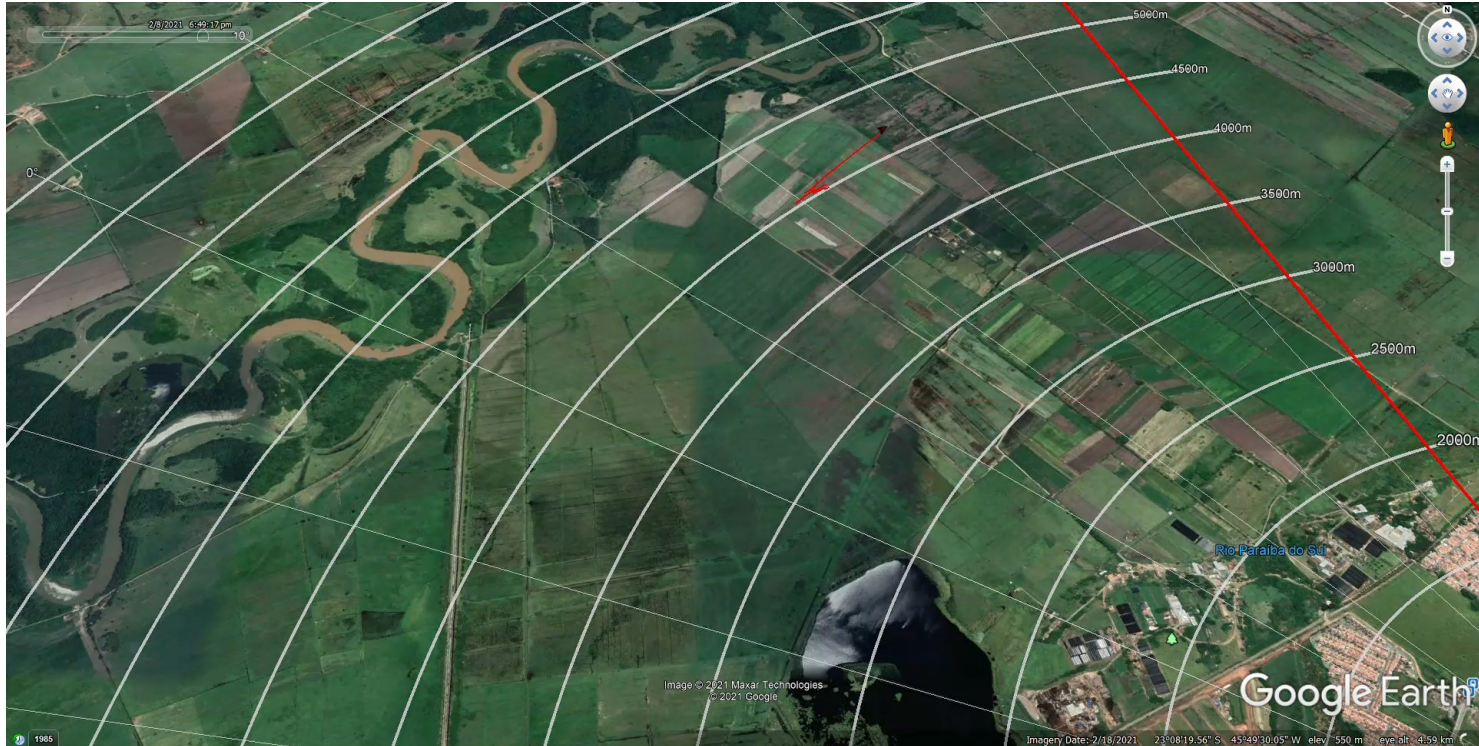
How drone recognition can improve drone tracking

Tracker parametrisation – reactivity, model evolution



How drone recognition can improve drone tracking

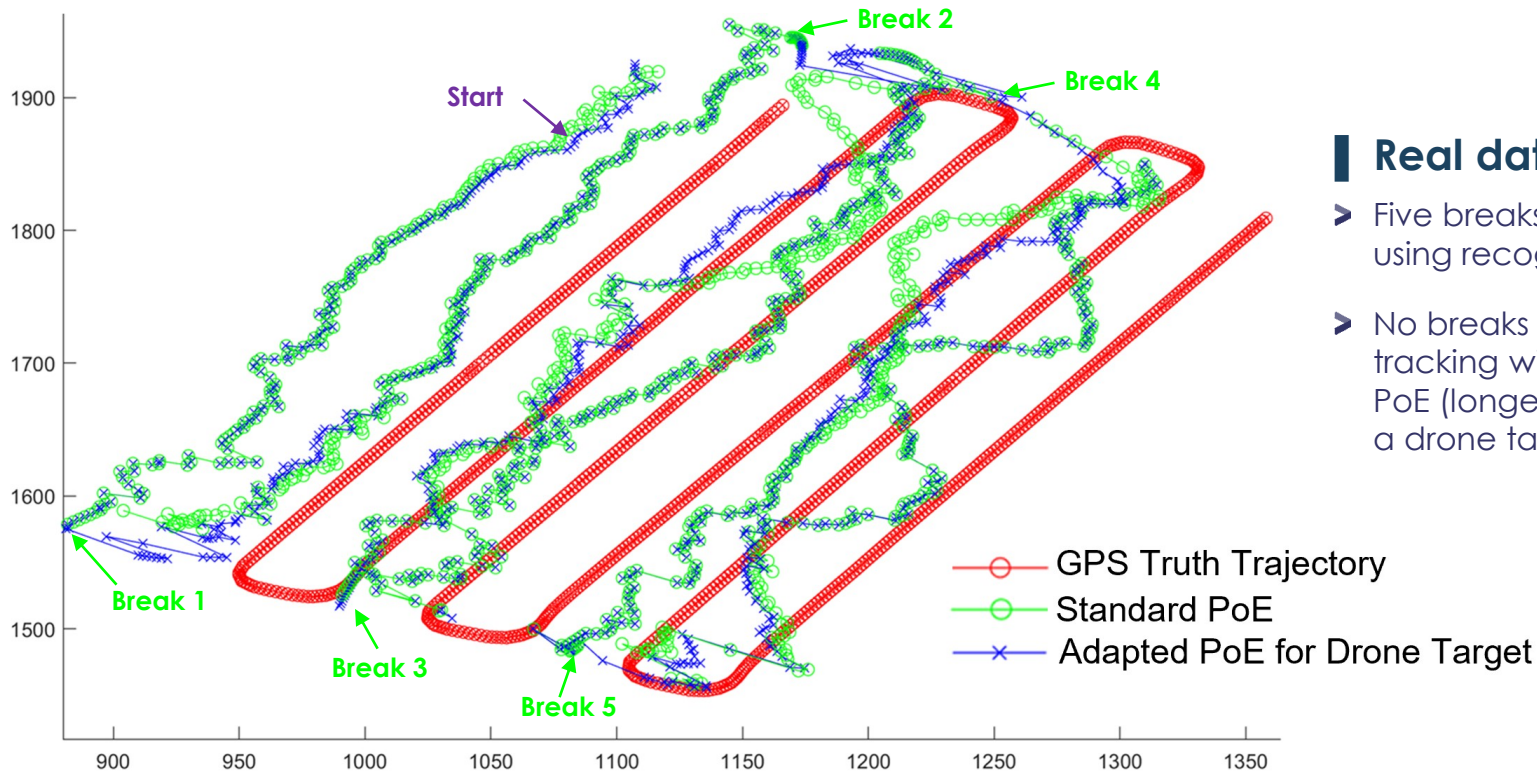
Reduction of the effects of multi-target track persistence



How drone recognition can improve drone tracking

Track initiation-maintenance can be improved by using recognition results

- Ensure drone track continuity, albeit missing detections, by adjusting the applied Probability of Existence (PoE) - using a higher survival prior or termination threshold



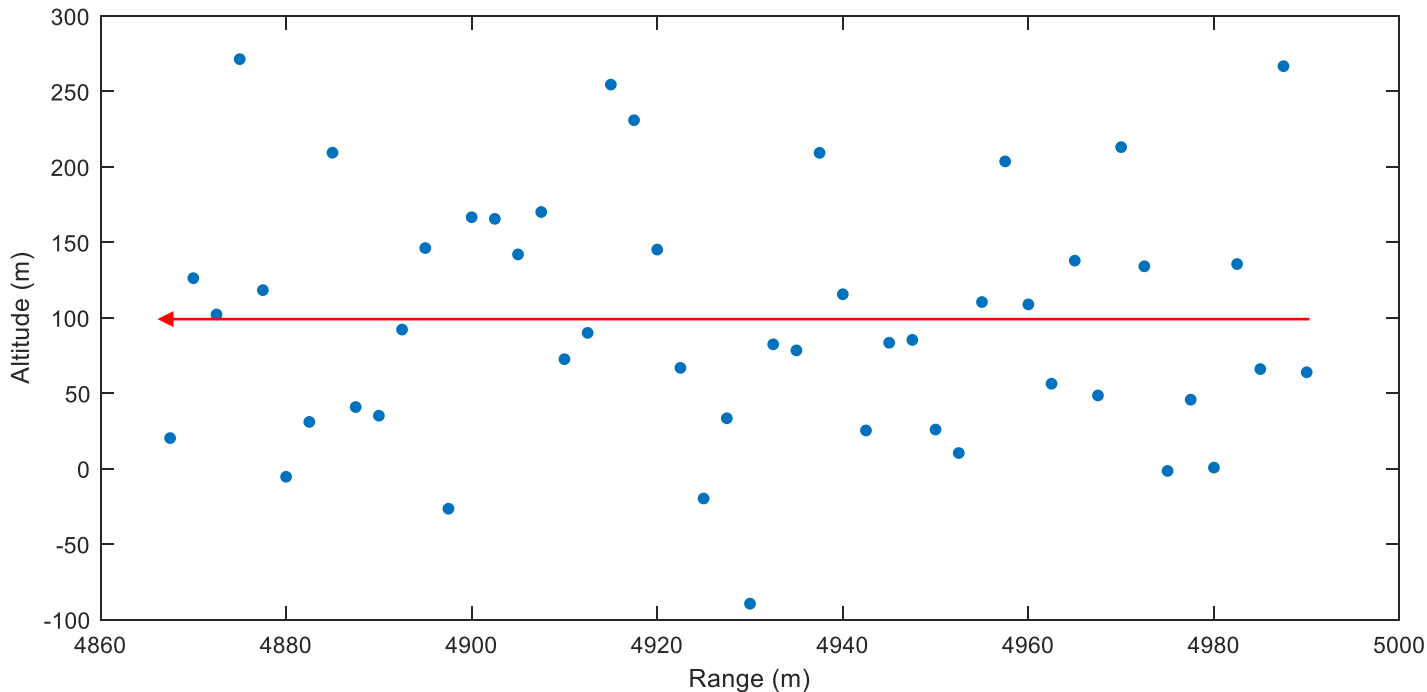
Real data

- Five breaks when not using recognition data
- No breaks and better tracking with class-aware PoE (longer coasting for a drone target)

How effective drone tracking can improve drone recognition

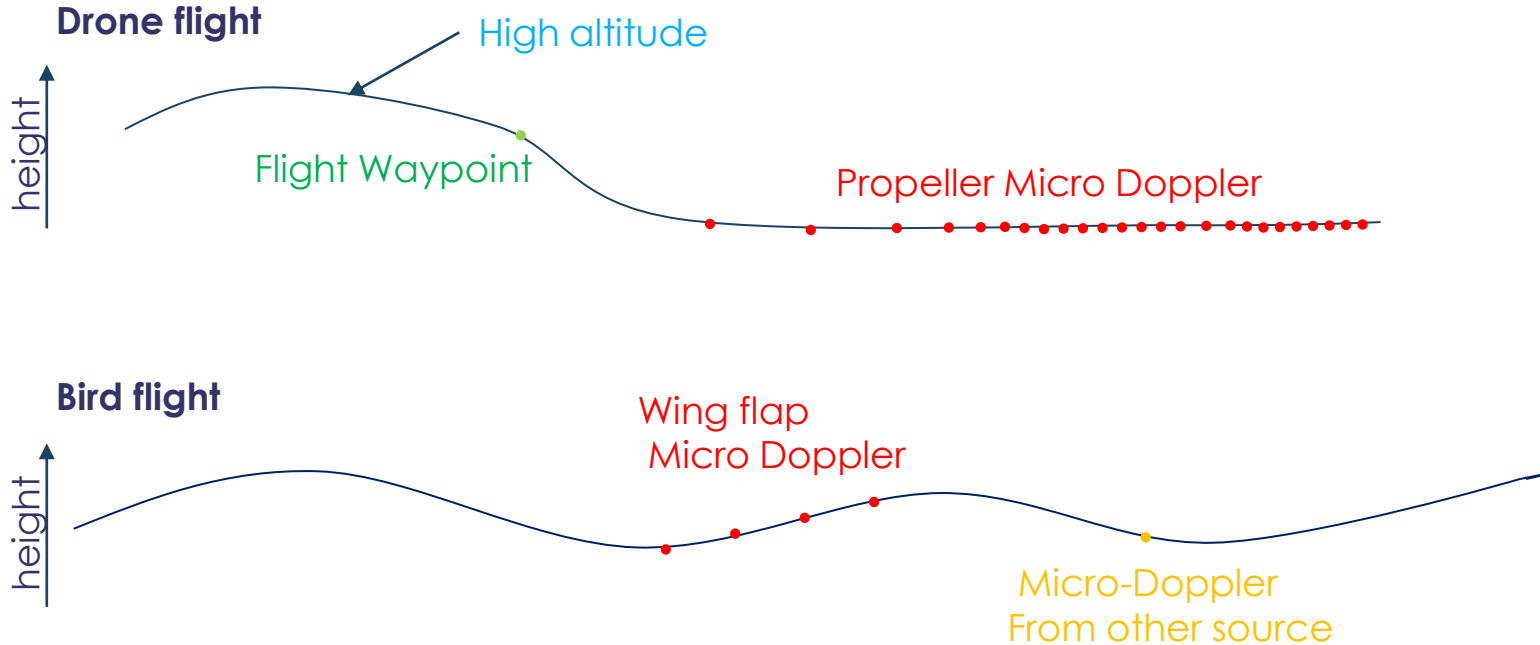
Improved accuracy of critical parameters – Airborne target?

➤ eg altitude given 1° accuracy



How effective drone tracking can improve drone recognition

Accumulation of recognitions cues



This document may not be reproduced, modified, adapted, published, translated, in any way, in whole or in part or disclosed to a third party without the prior written consent of Aveillant Ltd. © Aveillant 2021. All rights reserved.

How effective drone tracking can improve drone recognition

■ Short target kinematics

- Speed, Altitude, flight stability

■ long term

- Flight pattern
 - Straight & level, weigh point flying, racetracks
- Association with environmental features (e.g. roads)
- Long term statistics of flight pattern or features

■ Retrospective classification

- e.g. Backward tracking,
 - improves early accuracy
 - repairs tracks increasing total information on a target

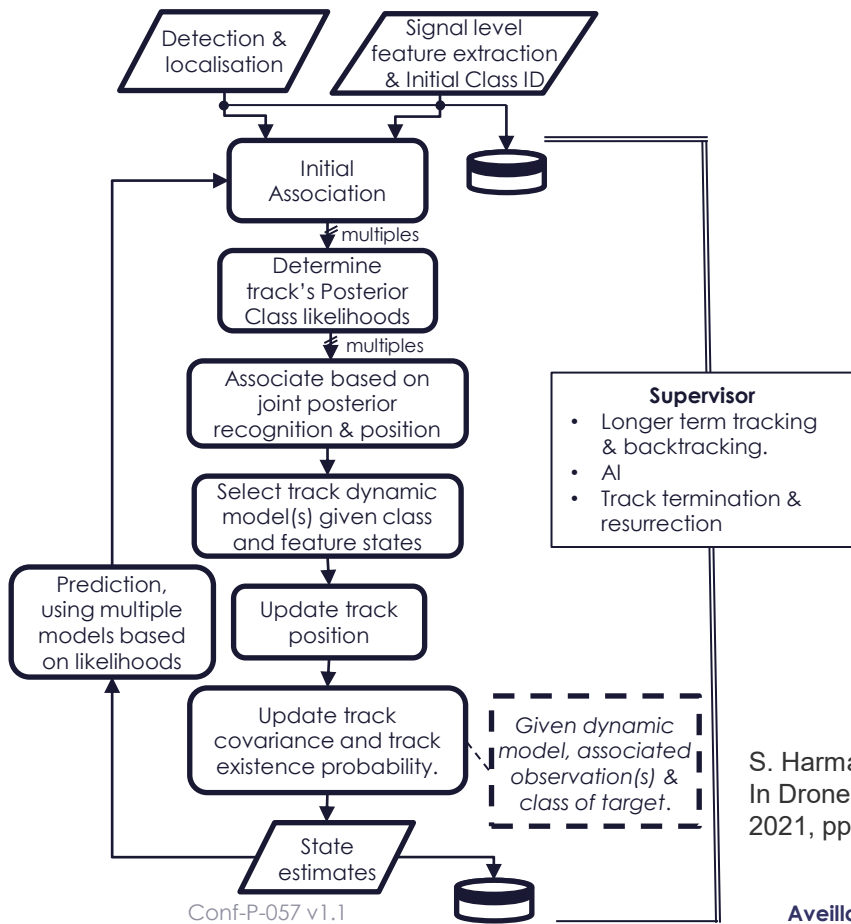
Features of Simultaneous Tracking and Recognition (STaR) of drones

■ STaR benefits tracking & recognition jointly,

■ Desirable features of a STaR algorithm for drones

- A recognition hierarchy (tentative to consolidated)
- Class tracking & likelihood
- Feature tracking & feature values (e.g. rotor frequencies)
- Multiple tracking & classification models with choice based on kinematics, features & determined classifications
- Retrospective decision making (longer term)
- Improved supervision
 - Not just for track existence
 - E.g. for track reconstitution
 - For determining long term track behaviours

Proposed framework for STaR of drones algorithm

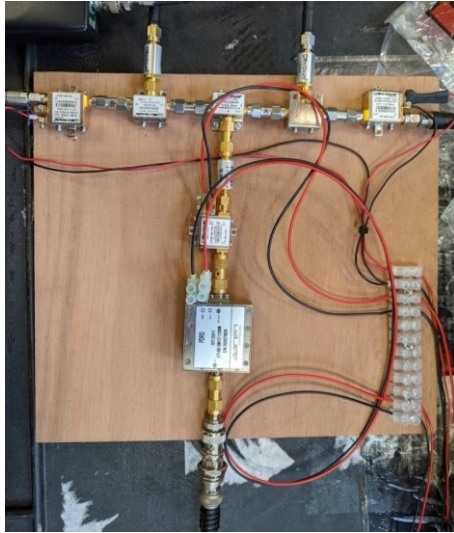


- Initial association of multiple candidates
- Calculation of Joint posterior recognition and track likelihoods for each
- Selectable track dynamic models
- Supervisory 'agents' improving longer term tracking and overall track quality

S. Harman and B. I. Ahmad, "The Need For Simultaneous Tracking And Recognition In Drone Surveillance Radar," *2021 21st International Radar Symposium (IRS)*, 2021, pp. 1-10, doi: 10.23919/IRS51887.2021.9466222.

Multistatic (“Polygraphic”) radar

- Multi-static Gamekeeper development for robust detection & sensing
- Low cost bistatic receiver development



Ongoing development

Internally (PV) funded and customer funded R&D

- Merging elements & additional features of signal processing into trackers
- Multistatic holographic radar developments

University of Cambridge PhD

- “Bayesian Learning for Object Recognition from Noisy Time Series”

Sorbonne Centre for AI (Abu Dhabi) PhDs

- “Collaborative Multi-Agents Tool for meta-Sensors – Radar & Auxiliary sensors for AI”
- “Hybrid AI for the design of Intelligent radars, Joint recognition and tracking of drones in complex environments”

Cranfield University PhD

- “Target Detection and Classification with the Aveillant Holographic Radar” (multistatic)

Concluding remarks

- **The need and benefits of simultaneous tracking and recognition approach for drone surveillance radar (and potentially other sensors) was highlighted**
 - good target recognition in order to provide effective tracking and good tracking to provide effective recognition
- **A framework for a STaR algorithm is provided and the merits of staring radar for this application is discussed.**
- **A software-defined Holographic radar such as the Gamekeeper is particularly suited to exploit STaR algorithms given**
 - Persistent sensing
 - its ability to adapt its applied processing or revisit processed data to improve performance, including in real-time.
- **Next generation multi-static Holographic radar introduced**

This document may not be reproduced, modified, adapted, published, translated, in any way, in whole or in part or disclosed to a third party without the prior written consent of Aveillant Ltd. © Aveillant 2021. All rights reserved.



Thank you

Aveillant Ltd.
18-21 Evolution Business park
Milton Road, Impington
Cambridge CB24 9NG
United Kingdom
Tel: +44(0)1223 455555
Email: enquiries@aveillant.com
www.aveillant.com

Conf-P-057 v1.1

